## Issue Brief

### Section 2.9

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<th>Area of Law</th>
<th>Criminal Provisions Addressing Demand</th>
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<td>The Policy Point</td>
<td>Buying and possessing child pornography carries penalties as high as similar federal offenses.</td>
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<td>The Legislative Solution</td>
<td>Child pornography is the actual image of sexual abuse as it is being perpetrated on a child. Minor victims depicted in child pornography suffer irreparable physical, emotional and psychological harm. The most common forum for child pornography today is the Internet, and once images are on the Internet they cannot be removed completely and can continue to circulate, re-victimizing the child each time the images are viewed. A federal conviction for possession of child pornography is generally punishable by imprisonment for 5–20 years and a fine not to exceed $250,000. Subsequent convictions, however, are punishable by imprisonment up to 40 years and a fine not to exceed $250,000. To decrease demand for these images, those who purchase and possess child pornography must be subject to serious prison sentences, fines, and asset forfeiture, and should be required to pay restitution to the victims.</td>
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### Select Statute Highlights

The following statutes demonstrate substantial sentences and asset forfeiture for the possession or purchase of child pornography.

**Georgia**

Under Ga. Code Ann. § 16-12-100(b)(8) (Sexual exploitation of children; reporting violation; forfeiture; penalties), “It is unlawful for any person knowingly to possess or control any material which depicts a minor or a portion of a minor’s body engaged in any sexually explicit conduct.” Additionally, Ga. Code Ann. § 16-12-100(b)(6) prohibits “any person knowingly to . . . purchase . . . any medium which provides information as to where any visual medium which depicts a minor or a portion of a minor’s body engaged in any sexually explicit conduct can be found or purchased.” A person who violates this statute is guilty of a felony punishable by 5–20 years imprisonment and a fine not to exceed $100,000. In addition, pursuant to Ga. Code Ann. § 16-12-100(e)(1), “A person who is convicted of an offense under this Code section shall forfeit to the State of Georgia such interest as the person may have in: (A) Any property constituting or directly derived from gross profits or other proceeds obtained from such offense; and (B) Any property used, or intended to be used, to commit such offense.”

**Mississippi**

Miss. Code Ann. § 97-5-33(3) (Exploitation of children; prohibitions) states, “No person shall, by any means including computer, knowingly send, transport, transmit, ship, mail or receive any photograph, drawing, sketch, film, video tape or other visual depiction of an actual child engaging in sexually explicit conduct.” Under subsection (5), a person may not “by any means including computer, possess any photograph, drawing, sketch, film, video tape or other visual depiction of an actual child engaging in sexually explicit conduct.” A violation of Miss. Code Ann. § 97-5-33 is punishable by 5–40 years imprisonment and a $50,000–$500,000 fine for the first offense and 20 years to life and a $100,000–$1,000,000 fine for subsequent violations.

**Tennessee**

Pursuant to Tenn. Code Ann. § 39-17-1004(a)(1) (Offense of aggravated sexual exploitation of a minor), “(a)(1) It is unlawful for a person to knowingly . . . purchase or exchange material . . . that includes a minor engaged in: (A) Sexual activity; or (B) Simulated sexual activity that is patently offensive.” Under subsection (b)(1), “It is unlawful for a person to knowingly . . . purchase or exchange material that is obscene, as defined in § 39-17-901. . .which includes a minor engaged in: (A) Sexual activity; or (B) Simulated sexual activity that is patently offensive.” Violation is a Class C felony punishable by 3–15 years imprisonment and a possible fine not to
exceed $10,000. However, if the number of individual images is greater than 25, the crime is a Class B felony punishable by 8–30 years imprisonment and a possible fine not to exceed $25,000. The defendant can be charged on individual counts for each image.

Under Tenn. Code Ann. § 39-17-1003(a) (Offense of sexual exploitation of a minor), “[i]t is unlawful for any person to knowingly possess material that includes a minor engaged in: (1) Sexual activity; or (2) Simulated sexual activity that is patently offensive.” The Class D felony is punishable by 2–12 years imprisonment and a possible fine not to exceed $5,000 for each individual image possessed. If the number of images and/or materials exceeds 50, then the crime is a Class C felony punishable by 3–15 years imprisonment and a possible fine not to exceed $10,000. If the number of images and/or materials exceeds 100, then the crime is a Class B felony punishable by 8–30 years imprisonment and a possible fine not to exceed $25,000.

Moreover, Tenn. Code Ann. § 39-17-1008 (Forfeiture of any conveyance or real or personal property used in commission of an offense under this part [Sexual Exploitation of Children]), states, “(a) Any conveyance or real or personal property used in the commission of an offense under this part is subject to forfeiture under the provisions of title 40, chapter 33, part 2. (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of § 40-33-211 [Property disposition], the proceeds from all forfeitures made pursuant to this section shall be transmitted to the general fund, where there is established a general fund reserve to be allocated through the general appropriations act, which shall be known as the child abuse fund. Moneys from the fund shall be expended to fund activities authorized by the child abuse fund as set out in § 39-13-530 [Forfeiture of any conveyance or real or personal property used in a sexual offense committed against minors Child abuse fund] . . . .”

Wisconsin

Wis. Stat. § 948.12(2m) penalizes “[w]hoever exhibits or plays a recording of a child engaged in sexually explicit conduct, if all of the following apply . . . (a) The person knows that he or she has exhibited or played the recording. (b) Before the person exhibited or played the recording, he or she knew the character and content of the sexually explicit conduct. (c) Before the person exhibited or played the recording, he or she knew or reasonably should have known that the child engaged in sexually explicit conduct had not attained the age of 18 years.” Under Wis. Stat. § 948.12(3)(a), a violation is a Class D felony punishable by a maximum fine of $100,000 and/or a maximum sentence of 25 years, unless the defendant is under 18, in which case he is guilty of a Class I felony punishable by a maximum fine of $10,000 or a maximum sentence of 3½, or both.